GBOC ACTIVITY OPTIONS	CURRICULUM LINKS
INITIATIVE & COOPERATIVE GAMES → Pop Can Pick Up → Rolling Ball → Shrinking World → Closed Eye Count → Poison Pool → Human Knot → And others	 GUIDANCE & CAREER EDUCATION, CHOICES INTO ACTION: Demonstrate skills and knowledge necessary to manage personal behaviour (e.g. self-control, the role of emotions, anger management). Explain and demonstrate how skills (e.g. conflict resolution, peer helping and leadership skills) are used to interact with others in diverse settings. Apply knowledge of personal interests, strengths, abilities and accomplishments to planning and decision making. Demonstrate the ability to accept and respond to the direction of teachers and administrators.
DAILY ACTIVITIES:	HEALTH & PHYSICAL EDUCATION, ACTIVE PARTICIPATION:
 → High Ropes → Low Ropes → Canoeing → Kayaking → Orienteering → Land Games / Sports → Outdoor Skills → Colour Team Relay → And more 	 Apply living skills (e.g. basic problem-solving, decision-making, goal-setting and conflict-resolution techniques) in physical activities (e.g. outdoor pursuits) Transfer appropriate interpersonal skills to new physical activities. Participate vigorously in all aspects of the program. Participate fairly in games or activities. Demonstrate respectful behaviour towards the feelings and ideas of others.
EVENING ACTIVITIES:	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, LIFE SYSTEMS:
➤ Ecoville, EcoVenture	 Demonstrate an understanding of the effects of human activities and technological innovations, as well as the effects of changes that take place naturally, on the sustainability of ecosystems. Investigate the impact of the use of technology on the environment. Identify the importance of plants in the Canadian Economy (eg in farming, forestry) and describe the impact of industrial plants on the environment.

▶	Survival

- Investigate some of the ways in which humans have altered the landscape to meet their needs (e.g. farming, urban development, roads) and assess the environmental and economic consequences.
- Identify populations of organisms within an ecosystem and the factors that contribute to their survival in that ecosystem.
- Identify and explain the roles of producers, consumers and decomposers in food chains and their effects on the environment.

EARTH EDUCATION:

→ Connection Inspection Game

- Interpretive Trail Hike & Games
- ➤ Eco-Footprints & The Secret Life of Stuff
- → Pond Study

- → Hot Air Balloon Regatta
- Campfires: Types of Heat & Energy
- → Stranded! Using Science to Survive
- Exploring Alternative Energy Sources (solar, composting)

SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, INTERACTION WITHIN ECOSYSTEMS:

- Demonstrate an understanding of the interactions of plants, animals, fungi and microorganisms in an ecosystem.
- Investigate the interactions in an ecosystem and identify factors that affect the balance among the components of an ecosystem.
- Identify living (biotic) and non-living (abiotic) elements in an ecosystem.
- Interpret food webs that show the transfer of energy among several food chains, and evaluate the effects of the elimination or weakening of any part of the food web.
- Investigate the bio-chemical costs and benefits of recycling and waste-disposal industries.

SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, ENERGY & CONTROL: HEAT

- Identify, through experimentation, ways in which heat changes substances and describe how heat is transferred.
- Compare the motions of particles in a solid, a liquid and a gas using the particle theory.
- Explain how heat is transmitted by conduction, convection and radiation in solids, liquids and gases.
- Describe how various surfaces absorb radiant heat.
- Describe the effect of heat on the motion of particles and explain how changes of state occur.
- Identify energy as a significant cost in the manufacturing and use of products or systems.

NIGHT ACTIVITIES	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, ENERGY & CONTROL: OPTICS
→ Astronomy	 Describe ways in which difference sources of visible light and the properties of light, both natural and artificial, are used by humans for different purposes. Investigate how objects or media refract, transmit or absorb light (e.g. stars are seen when transmitted light enters the eye). Identify ways in which the characteristics of mirrors and convex and concave lenses determine their use in optical instruments (e.g. in a camera, telescope or binoculars). Explain the function and purpose of combinations of multiple lenses or lenses and mirrors in optical systems (e.g. the source and one or more reflectors or lenses in telescopes).
JOURNAL ACTIVITIES	GUIDANCE & CAREER EDUCATION, CHOICES INTO ACTION:
Personal Bank AccountsParadigms	 Demonstrate an understanding of and apply learning skills and strategies to personal learning. Recognize personal learning preferences. Use goal-setting skills appropriately to revise goals in response to changing circumstances.